

WRITTEN TEST FOR MFCP OF STAFF NURSE A TO B

1. A method of patient assignment in which a nurse is expected to give complete nursing care to one or more patients
 - A. Patient method
 - B. Team method
 - C. Functional method
 - D. Primary method
2. Head up tilt test is used to evaluate _____
 - A. Osteoporosis
 - B. Unexplained Syncope
 - C. Varicose vein
 - D. Thyroid hormone deficiency
3. The left atrium receives blood from
 - A. Systemic circulation
 - B. Liver
 - C. Kidneys
 - D. Lungs
4. The type of staff development programme intended to acquaint a newly appointed staff with job responsibilities, work place and co-workers
 - A. Induction training
 - B. Job orientation
 - C. In-service education
 - D. Continuing Education
5. Resuscitation begins with _____
 - A. Opening air way
 - B. Chest compression
 - C. Giving breathing
 - D. Precordial thump
6. Signs of morphine toxicity include all except
 - A. Dilated pupils
 - B. Constipation
 - C. Pinpoint pupils
 - D. Hypotension
7. A nurse working in the unit had an accidental needle stick injury from a HIV positive patient. The ward sister explains to the staff that it is ideal to start Post Exposure Prophylaxis within _____
 - A. 72 hours
 - B. 28 days
 - C. 7 days
 - D. 90 hours
8. A written record of the duties, responsibilities and conditions of the job
 - A. Job ranking
 - B. Job description
 - C. Job enrichment
 - D. Job analysis
9. Leaving a foreign object like forceps or gauze inside the patient's body after surgical procedure is an example of
 - A. Negligence
 - B. Malpractice
 - C. Defamation
 - D. Assault
10. _____ is a clinical judgment of the actual or potential health problem of an individual, family or community which is derived through the deliberate and systematic process of data collection and analysis.
 - A. Nursing Process
 - B. Nursing Audit
 - C. Nursing Diagnosis
 - D. Nursing Standard
11. _____ is the process of judging the value or effectiveness of an action.
 - A. Organization
 - B. Budgeting
 - C. Delegation
 - D. Evaluation
12. Choose the outcome indicator of patient care
 - A. Nurse's knowledge on drug administration
 - B. Nurse patient ratio
 - C. Patient's and family's complaint
 - D. Total patient care

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25. Inj: Sodium Bicarbonate should not be mixed with _____
A. Normal saline
B. 5% dextrose
C. Calcium gluconate
D. Ringer's lactate
26. In the assessment of a client with Guillain-Barre syndrome, the nurse gives high priority to _____
A. Pain
B. Level of consciousness
C. Motor response
D. Respiratory status
27. The antidote of heparin is _____
A. Calcium gluconate
B. Vitamin K
C. Protamine sulphate
D. Atropine
28. The normal central venous pressure reading is between _____
A. 20–25 cm of Hg
B. 5–10 cm of Hg
C. 10–15 cm of Hg
D. 15–20 cm of Hg
29. Which of the following food items are rich sources of vitamin A?
A. Green leafy vegetables and yellow fruits
B. Rice and potato
C. Green gram and dhal
D. Milk and milk products
30. Auditing of structure standards involves _____
A. Auditing of nursing procedure
B. Auditing of changes in health status of the client
C. Auditing of appropriateness of care
D. Auditing of staffing pattern
31. When a patient can breathe only in upright position it is termed as _____
A. Orthopnoea
B. Dyspnoea
C. Tachypnoea
D. Apnoea
32. Normal pH of blood is _____
A. 7.5–7.6
B. 7.35–7.45
C. 6.35–6.45
D. 6.5–7
33. Which lab test provides you information about the progress of weaning patient from mechanical ventilator?
A. Pulmonary function test
B. Liver function test
C. Arterial blood gas
D. Specific gravity of urine
34. Mr X is suffering from Paralytic Ileus. Oral intake has to be withheld till _____
A. He expresses eagerness to take food
B. Normal bowel sounds are heard on auscultation
C. Abdominal distension is subsided
D. Nasogastric tube is inserted
35. Which of the following drug vitamins is used to enhance absorption of calcium?
A. Vitamin E
B. Vitamin D
C. Vitamin B
D. Vitamin A
36. During administration of Inj Aminophylline the nurse should observe for _____
A. Decreased heart rate
B. Decreased urine output
C. Hypotension
D. Hypertension

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37. Recommended time to administer antibiotic prophylaxis prior to surgery
A. 6 hours prior to incision
B. 1 hour prior to incision
C. 12 hours prior to surgery
D. 24 hours prior to surgery
38. Mr.X is admitted with temporal bone fracture. The most commonly injured cranial nerve due to this fracture is
A. Facial
B. Optic
C. Trigeminal
D. Oculomotor
39. Patients with Pulmonary Tuberculosis should be nursed in an isolated room with
A. Negative pressure ventilation
B. Positive pressure ventilation
C. Centralized air conditioning
D. Split air conditioning
40. Anatomical waste should be treated with
A. Shredding
B. Hand filling
C. Incineration
D. Autoclaving
41. Mrs.K got admitted with complaints of generalized seizures. About two hours ago she had an ictus and her GCS is E2, V2, M5. Which of the following nursing activities can be dangerous for Mrs.K?
A. Oral suctioning for Mrs.K
B. Administering sedation
C. Positioning periodically
D. Giving her water
42. MRSA nasal carriers should be treated with
A. Fusidic acid
B. 2% mupirocin
C. Povidone iodine
D. Silver sulphadiazine
43. Broca's aphasia refers to
A. Inability to understand and verbalize
B. Inability to remember
C. Inability to understand spoken language
D. Inability to express self
44. The doctor decides to start an infusion with benzodiazepine to treat increased ICP. Which one of the following drugs will you get ready with?
A. Mannitol
B. Magnesium
C. Midazolam
D. Morphine
45. Proper hand placement for chest compression during CPR is essential to reduce the risk of which of the following complications?
A. Gastrointestinal bleeding
B. Myocardial infarction
C. Emesis
D. Rib fracture
46. The type of artificial cardiac pacemaker which provides a specific number of electrical firings per minute is a
A. Fixed rate pacemaker
B. Demand rate pacemaker
C. Temporary pacemaker
D. Permanent pacemaker

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47. When teaching a client with myocardial infarction (MI) the nurse explains that the pain associated with MI is caused by
- A. Left ventricular overload
 - B. Impending circulatory collapse
 - C. Extra cellular electrolyte imbalance
 - D. Insufficient oxygen reaching the heart muscle
48. Which of the under mentioned statements is **FALSE**?
- A. Written, oral and visual communications are used for effective patient care.
 - B. An informed consent should contain the name of the person performing the procedure.
 - C. The first action to be initiated when a ward hazard occurs is to inform the relatives.
 - D. An informed consent is a must for administration of blood and blood products.
49. If the patient accidentally extubates what is to be done immediately?
- A. Watch for signs of respiratory failure.
 - B. Keep equipment ready for reintubation.
 - C. Inform doctor
 - D. Administer humidified oxygen, reassure the patient and observe for normal respiration.
50. A patient is admitted with stroke and received thrombolytic therapy an hour ago. Which one of the following nursing interventions is detrimental for this patient?
- A. Positioning in supine with slight head end elevation
 - B. Inserting nasogastric tube
 - C. Monitoring GCS frequently
 - D. Performing swallow assessment

MFCP OF STAFF NURSE (HELD ON 05/02/2019)

ANSWER KEY

1	A	21	A	41	D
2	B	22	C	42	B
3	D	23	B	43	C
4	B	24	C	44	C
5	B	25	C	45	D
6	A	26	D	46	A
7	A	27	C	47	D
8	B	28	B	48	C
9	B	29	A	49	D
10	A	30	D	50	B
11	D	31	A		
12	C	32	B		
13	D	33	C		
14	D	34	B		
15	D	35	B		
16	B	36	C		
17	C	37	B		
18	B	38	A		
19	A	39	A		
20	D	40	C		

Key